

Reading Rocket 3	Final Exam (Units 11~20)	Name :
		Score : / 100

■ Match the word with its meaning. (2 points)

- | | | | |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| 1. disappear | ● | ● | to go away so people cannot see it |
| 2. crop | ● | ● | complete, with no parts missing |
| 3. pilot | ● | ● | a person who flies an airplane |
| 4. record | ● | ● | to write notes about things that have happened |
| 5. whole | ● | ● | a plant that a farmer grows |

■ Write the word from the box that best completes each sentence. (2 points)

similar received swallowed solves enormous

6. The baby _____ one piece cheese.
7. A young girl has an _____ amount of talent.
8. A boy _____ a very difficult math problem.
9. Thanksgiving is _____ to Chuseok in Korea.
10. I _____ the wedding invitation from my friend this morning.

■ Match and write the letters after reading the story. (4points)

(Questions 11-15)

Have you ever seen a mole? They are difficult to see because they live underground, and they often hide the entrance to their burrow. Moles are very interesting animals because they are specially made for their underground life. They have big, powerful paws that are great for digging, and their eyes are small or covered over with skin. They have ears, but you can't see them, and their nose is long and sensitive for detecting food.

Moles eat earthworms, and they are specially made for that too. Their saliva has a chemical that stops the worm from moving, so the mole can store the fresh worm in a special underground room. Scientists have found rooms that contain over 1,000 earthworms. Because worms eat soil, moles must prepare the worm before they eat it. They squeeze the earthworm between their paws to get the soil out. That's pretty smart, isn't it?

Unfortunately, some people don't like moles because of the damage they cause to farms and gardens. Mole's burrows don't look good in the middle of a gardener's lawn. Moles also damage the grass that farmers grow for farm animals. For these reasons, many moles are killed by farmers and gardeners. Don't you think humans should be more understanding of such a special animal?

11. Moles are good at digging because ____.

12. Moles can store fresh worm because ____.

13. Moles squeeze the worm between their paws because ____.

14. Some people don't like moles because ____.

15. Moles are killed by farmers because ____.

a. their saliva can stop the worm from moving.

b. they don't eat soil.

c. mole damage the grass for farm animals.

d. their paws are very big and powerful.

e. they damage their farms and gardens.

■ Read and choose the answers. (4 points)

(Questions 16-18)

A king called his daughter.

“How much do you love me?” asked the king. “I love you as much as salt,” said the princess. The king was angry with the princess.

“What? Salt is common. It is worthless,” said the king. “Because you do not love me enough, you must leave this kingdom and never return.”

The king sent the princess away with nothing but some clothes and a shaker of salt from the palace kitchen. The princess disappeared for many years.

One day, the king received an invitation to a royal wedding in a kingdom far away. The wedding was lovely, but the dinner after the wedding was not. The food had no taste to it. “This food is terrible!” cried the king.

The king looked around the table to see if there was a shaker of salt. There was not. He then began to cry. He remembered the daughter he had sent away. He finally understood what she had meant.

At that moment, the king felt a touch on his shoulder. The bride was standing next to him with a shaker of salt. It was the shaker of salt from his palace kitchen. The king jumped up and held his daughter. “I love you as much as salt too,” the king told her.

16. Why was the king angry with the princess?

- a. She didn't listen to his words.
- b. He thought that she didn't love him enough.
- c. She didn't cook for the king.
- d. He didn't like salt.

17. What did the king think when he was looking for a shaker of salt?

- a. The dinner was not good.
- b. The salt was very common.
- c. He remembered that a shaker of salt had been in the palace kitchen.
- d. He missed his daughter who he had sent away.

18. What do you think that “I love you as much as salt.” means?

- a. I really like salty food.
- b. I love you very much.
- c. Salt is very important thing.
- d. I can eat more salt than you.

(Questions 19-21)

George Washington Carver was born a slave, but he became one of America's greatest people. He worked hard at everything he did and became a teacher and scientist at a college. He loved plants and spent many hours with them. His work on plants is still very important today.

Carver knew that different plants needed different vitamins and minerals. These vitamins and minerals are in the soil. If farmers grow the same plants again and again in the same field, the vitamins and minerals begin to run out. These vitamins and minerals can be replaced by growing different kinds of plants.

Carver saw that the fields nearby were producing fewer crops. The people were poor and hungry. To help solve these problems, he asked farmers to grow many kinds of plants. This way, the fields would have a good balance of vitamins and minerals.

Carver wanted people to grow peanuts. He knew that peanuts would replace the vitamins and minerals in the soil. Carver made over two hundred uses for peanuts. He thought of many different ways to eat them. He also made things like paint and makeup out of peanuts.

Carver is best known for his work with peanuts, but he did much more. He was a great man because he cared so much about people and the land.

19. What is True about Carver?

- a. He was a slave in his life.
- b. He liked peanuts and ate very much.
- c. He was a farmer and grew peanuts.
- d. He liked plants and studied about them.

20. What happens to soil if farmers grow the same plants again and again in the same field?

- a. Farmers have to different kinds of plants.
- b. The soil of the fields will have a good balance of vitamins and minerals.
- c. Peanuts make the soil fertile.
- d. The vitamins and minerals of the soil will run out.

21. What did he ask farmers who produced fewer crops?

- a. He asked farmers to grow the same plants again in the same field.
- b. He asked farmers to grow peanuts.
- c. He asked farmers to grow many kinds of plants.
- d. He asked farmers to grow crops.

(Questions 22-24)

When people hear the word “earthquake” they usually think of big disasters causing many deaths. However, most earthquakes are very small. Thousands of these small earthquakes occur every day, but we don’t notice them.

Scientists can record these small earthquakes because they use a tool called a seismometer, which is very sensitive. It measures the strength of the earthquake. Then the scientists record the strength on the Richter scale, which goes from 0-12. We usually feel earthquakes that are above 3 on the scale. From 4, some damage can be caused. At this level, earthquakes can cause chimneys to crack and objects to fall off shelves. Earthquakes of 7 or larger can cause major damage across a large area. If they strike near cities and towns, many people are usually killed.

The world’s largest recorded earthquake happened in Chile in 1960. It measured 9.5 on the Richter scale. The energy of the earthquake was the same as 178,000,000,000 tons of TNT*! A much smaller earthquake occurred in Korea on May 29th 2004. It measured 5.2 which was only about 150,000 tons of TNT.

Korea doesn’t have many large earthquakes. Since modern recording began in 1978, there have only been five earthquakes in Korea above 5.0 on the Richter scale. Koreans are lucky that they live in such an earthquake-safe country.

22. What is Not true about the reading?

- a. Most earthquakes are very small.
- b. Thousands of earthquakes occur every day.
- c. We always notice the earthquake.
- d. We can record the earthquake by using a seismometer.

23. What will happen to us if the Richter scale is 6?

- a. We will notice earthquakes by using our body.
- b. The earthquake will damage the cities and towns.
- c. The objects on the selves will fall off.
- d. A lot of people will be killed.

24. What is True about the world’s largest recorded earthquake?

- a. It happened in South Korea in 1960.
- b. It measured 5.2 which was about 150,000 tons of TNT.
- c. It happened in 1978 and it was recorded 9.5 on the Richter scale.
- d. It happened in 1960.

(Questions 25-27)

An armadillo is a warm-blooded mammal with a bony shell. The bony shell protects the armadillo from animals that might try to hurt it.

There are ten species of armadillos on Earth today. Pink fairy armadillos are only about 100 mm long, while giant armadillos are as big as 100 cm. All armadillos live in either North or South America.

The armadillo is a remarkable animal because it has many tricks. When they are scared, some armadillos curl up into a ball. An animal can try to hurt it, but its strong shell keeps the armadillo safe. Other armadillos have too much armor* to try that trick. These armadillos can either endure the attack, or quickly bury themselves in the dirt.

North American armadillos use a different trick to protect themselves. When they are attacked, they jump up into the air to frighten the attacker. They can jump up to four feet high!

Armadillos use their best trick when they want to cross a river or a pond. If an armadillo jumped straight into the water, it would sink because of its heavy armor. However, that doesn't stop an ambitious armadillo! Before an armadillo gets into the water, it swallows air until its stomach is full. Then, it can float across the water like a beach ball!

Can you do tricks like an Armadillo?

25. What is Not true about the Armadillo?

- a. It is a warm-blooded mammal.
- b. It has a special bony shell to float water.
- c. There are ten kinds of armadillos in the world.
- d. The armadillos live in North America.

26. What do North American armadillos do when they are attacked?

- a. They curl up into a ball.
- b. They bury themselves in the dirt quickly.
- c. They endure the attack with their hard shells.
- d. They jump up into the air to frighten the attacker.

27. How do armadillos cross a river or a pond?
- They use their strong shells to float water.
 - They jump up into the air to float water.
 - They swallow air until their stomachs are full.
 - They curl up into a ball.

(Questions 28-30)

You may know that a soap opera is a type of TV drama, but have you heard of a space opera? A space opera is like a soap opera, but instead of happening on earth, the story happens in space!

The most famous space opera of all time is *Star Wars*. It was created by George Lucas, an American writer, producer and director, during the 1970s. Since then, he has created six movies and sold many millions of toys, games, videos, DVDs and books. In 2008, he even made a *Star Wars* animated TV series.

The second most famous space opera of all time is *Star Trek*. It was created by Gene Roddenberry during the 1960s. Amazingly, the first television series, from 1966 to 1969, wasn't very popular. However, during the 1970s the series was replayed many times on television. After that, *Star Trek* had so many fans that Paramount Pictures decided to make a *Star Trek* movie. Later, it was decided to make four more *Star Trek* television series, and ten more movies. *Star Trek* is now over 40 years old.

The popularity of space operas means they have some very loyal fans. Many fans enjoy dressing up as their favorite characters and attending fan festivals. There they can meet some of the actors and discuss the world's most popular space operas. What's your favorite space opera character?

28. What is Not true about the space opera?
- It is a type of TV drama.
 - It mostly shows in the music hall.
 - It is like a soap opera.
 - Its story happens in space.

29. What is True about the most famous space opera?
- a. It was created by Gene Roddenberry during the 1970s.
 - b. Its first TV series wasn't very popular.
 - c. It was made animated TV series in 2008.
 - d. It is now over 40 years old.
30. What do the space opera fans enjoy?
- a. They enjoy meeting the character through the Internet café.
 - b. They enjoy attending autograph signing events.
 - c. They can meet some actors and discuss the space opera.
 - d. They enjoy making the costumes of their favorite characters.

Answer Keys

(Units 11~20)

- | | | |
|--------------|---|--|
| 1. disappear |  | to go away so people cannot see it |
| 2. crop |  | complete, with no parts missing |
| 3. pilot |  | a person who flies an airplane |
| 4. record |  | to write notes about things that have happened |
| 5. whole |  | a plant that a farmer grows |

6. swallowed 7. enormous 8. solves 9. similar 10. received

11. d
 12. a
 13. b
 14. e
 15. c

 16. b
 17. d
 18. b
 19. d
 20. d
 21. c
 22. c
 23. c
 24. d
 25. b
 26. d
 27. c
 28. b
 29. c
 30. c